

*ponere me fpa y un abnca poner me fpa y un abnca
suen bu son nst fpa suen bu son nst fpa*



Pluscuamperfecto

Paso paso

*lumen un an q lumen un an q
pen unham vtila su aspen unham vtila su cas
y un abnca poner me fpa y un abnca poner me fpa*

The "pluscuamperfecto" tense is also known as the "past perfect" in English, and it is used to describe an action or event that happened before another past action or event. It is formed by using the auxiliary verb "haber" in the imperfect tense followed by the past participle of the main verb.

The formula to form the "pluscuamperfecto" tense is:

Subject + imperfect form of haber + past participle of main verb

For example:

- Yo había comido cuando llegó mi amigo. (I had eaten when my friend arrived.)
- Tú habías estudiado antes de la prueba. (You had studied before the test.)
- Él/ella/usted había visto esa película antes. (He/she/you had seen that movie before.)
- Nosotros habíamos vivido en España por cinco años antes de mudarnos. (We had lived in Spain for five years before moving.)
- Ellos/ellas/ustedes habían viajado mucho antes de tener hijos. (They/you had traveled a lot before having children.)

As you can see in the examples, the "pluscuamperfecto" tense is used to describe an action or event that happened before another past action or event. In each sentence, the imperfect form of "haber" is used with the past participle of the main verb to create the past perfect tense.



Conjugation

		PARTICPIO (ADO/IDO)	
	HABER +	CANTAR	COMER (VIVIR)
Yo	Había	cant <u>ado</u>	com <u>ido</u>
Tú	Habías	cant <u>ado</u>	com <u>ido</u>
Él/Ella/Usted	Había	cant <u>ado</u>	com <u>ido</u>
Nosotros(as)	Habíamos	cant <u>ado</u>	com <u>ido</u>
Vosotros(as)	Habíais	cant <u>ado</u>	com <u>ido</u>
Ellos/Ellas/Ustedes	Habían	cant <u>ado</u>	com <u>ido</u>



Irregulares

Decir	Dicho
Hacer	Hecho
Abrir	Abierto
Cubrir	Cubierto
Poner	Puesto
Volver	Vuelto

Ver	Visto
Morir	Muerto
Romper	Roto
Imprimir	Impreso
Escribir	Escrito
Resolver	Resuelto

Oír	Oído
Leer	Leído

Traer	Traído
-------	---------------



buena
buena
buena
buena
buena
buena
buena
buena
buena
buena

Irregulares

Marcadores temporales:

Ya – Todavía no - Aún no – Antes de – Un poco antes – La semana anterior – Un día antes



"pluscuamperfecto" tense in Spanish:

1. To describe an action that happened before another past action or event:
As I mentioned earlier, the "pluscuamperfecto" tense is used to describe an action or event that happened before another past action or event. For example: "Había estudiado antes del examen" (I had studied before the exam).
2. To talk about an action that had been completed before a specific time in the past:
This use of the "pluscuamperfecto" tense is similar to the previous rule, but it emphasizes that the action had been completed before a specific point in time in the past. For example: "Había terminado mi trabajo antes de las cinco" (I had finished my work before five o'clock).
3. In reported speech:
When we report what someone said in the past, we can use the "pluscuamperfecto" tense to indicate that the action had already happened before it was mentioned. For example: "Me dijo que había llegado tarde" (He told me that he had arrived late).



Rule 1 - To describe an action that happened before another past action or event:

1. Yo _____ (comprar) el boleto antes de que se agotaran. (**I had bought the ticket before it sold out.**)
2. Tú _____ (estudiar) mucho antes del examen final. (**You had studied a lot before the final exam.**)
3. Él/ella/usted _____ (conocer) a su pareja antes de mudarse juntos. (**He/she/you had met their partner before moving in together.**)
4. Nosotros _____ (visitar) la ciudad antes de que se pusiera oscuro. (**We had visited the city before it got dark.**)
5. Ellos/ellas/ustedes _____ (aprender) el idioma antes de mudarse al extranjero. (**They/you had learned the language before moving abroad.**)



Rule 1 - To describe an action that happened before another past action or event:

1. Yo _____ (hacer) la tarea antes de salir con mis amigos. **(I had done my homework before going out with my friends.)**
2. Tú _____ (leer) el libro antes de ver la película. **(You had read the book before watching the movie.)**
3. Él/ella/usted _____ (tomar) el medicamento antes de sentirse mejor. **(He/she/you had taken the medicine before feeling better.)**
4. Nosotros _____ (comer) la cena antes de que llegara el invitado. **(We had eaten dinner before the guest arrived.)**
5. Ellos/ellas/ustedes _____ (escribir) el informe antes de la fecha límite. **(They/you had written the report before the deadline.)**



Rule 2 - To talk about an action that had been completed before a specific time in the past:

1. Yo _____ (terminar) el proyecto antes de las vacaciones. (**I had finished the project before the holidays.**)
2. Tú _____ (volver) a casa antes de la medianoche. (**You had returned home before midnight.**)
3. Él/ella/usted _____ (graduarse) de la universidad antes de cumplir 25 años. (**He/she/you had graduated from college before turning 25.**)
4. Nosotros _____ (conocer) a nuestro vecino antes de mudarnos. (**We had met our neighbor before moving.**)
5. Ellos/ellas/ustedes _____ (comprar) la casa antes del aumento en los precios. (**They/you had bought the house before the increase in prices.**)



Rule 2 - To talk about an action that had been completed before a specific time in the past:

1. Tú _____ (vivir) en esa ciudad por más de una década antes de mudarte. **(You had lived in that city for over a decade before moving.)**
2. Él/ella/usted _____ (viajar) por todo el mundo antes de establecerse. **(He/she/you had traveled around the world before settling down.)**
3. Nosotros _____ (aprender) a bailar salsa antes de nuestra boda. **(We had learned to dance salsa before our wedding.)**
4. Ellos/ellas/ustedes _____ (cambiar) de trabajo antes de la crisis económica. **(They/you had changed jobs before the economic crisis.)**



Questions

1. ¿Habías estado estudiando para el examen antes de que te llamaran? **(Had you been studying for the exam before they called you?)**
2. ¿Había estado lloviendo toda la noche cuando saliste? **(Had it been raining all night when you left?)**
3. ¿Habíais estado esperando por mucho tiempo cuando llegué? **(Had you been waiting for a long time when I arrived?)**
4. ¿Había estado nevando cuando decidiste salir a conducir? **(Had it been snowing when you decided to go out driving?)**
5. ¿Habíamos estado discutiendo sobre este tema antes de que llegaras? **(Had we been discussing this topic before you arrived?)**



Write your own questions using the pluperfect tense

Write five questions using the pluperfect tense that ask about past events or situations that occurred before another past event or situation.

Example: ¿Habías comido antes de que llegara tu amigo?

